

Designed For Life

and or the Multiverse

Fine-Tuning Problem

The impression of design overwhelming.

- Paul Davies The Cosmic Blueprint

Fine-Tuning Problem

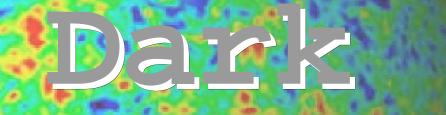
It seems as though the iniverse knew we were comin

Freeman Dyson The Cosmological Anthropic Princip

A Severe Problem

The required fine-tuning

is extreme.



Higher

... would involve the most extreme fine-tuning problem known in physics.

- Lawrence Krauss

ApJ 501 (1998): 461



Bineidery

Fine-tuning of 1 part in 10^{120} far exceeds the best human design success (gravity wave telescopes at 1 part in 10^{23}) A Growing Problem The evidence for cosmic design for humanity's specific benefit is increasing exponentially

smic Design for C-Li

- . gravitational force constant
- . strong nuclear force const.
- . weak nuclear force const.
- . electromagnetic force const.
- . e-m to grav. force ratio

smic Design for C-Li

proton-to-electron number rat electron-to-proton mass ratio velocity of light . cosmic expansion rate).cosmic entropy level

smic Design for C-Li date # known features See reasons.org for features & citations.

'otal Fin	e-Tuning	j for Lif
date	# features	probability
1995		1.0-31
2000	128	10-144
2002	202	10-217
2004	322	10 ⁻²⁸²
2006	676	10 ⁻⁵⁵⁶ NASA
See reasons.o	rg for feature	s & citations.

Bacteria vs. Humans

life form	# features	probability
90-day bacteria	501	10-311
3-Gyr bacteria	676	10-556
humans	824	10-1050 Hugh Ross

See reasons.org for features & citations.

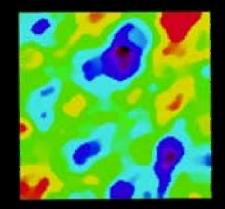
Does a Multiverse Solve the Problem?

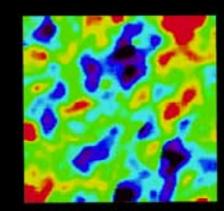
Aultiverse Loophole?

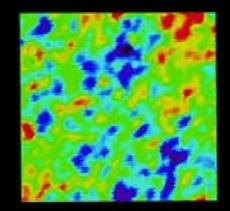
• Many speculate that a multiverse theory can explain cosmic fine-tuning without invoking God. • We live in the particular universe (or Hubble volume) that is fine-tuned to allow intelligent life to exist.

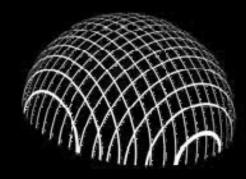
Some Issues to Consider 1. It's not new! The multiverse, in one form, was present in early Christian thinking.

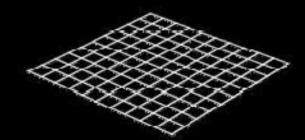
2.At present there is no compelling reason for proposing a multiverse except to solve the fine tuning problem.

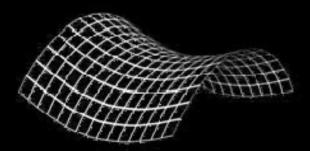












closed flat open -0.0170 < $Ω_k$ < 0.0068

3.Multiverse models do not avoid a transcendent causal Agent for the cosmos.

4. Infinite multiverse models explain too much. Very large multiverses may not be enough.

5.Multiverse hypotheses are in danger of committing a form of the gambler's fallacy 6.Design is seen on all observable size scales. Its observation is limite only by technology.

7.Multiverse hypotheses are testable.

So, what is the bottom line in all of this?

he more we learn about he universe, the case or God as its causal gent becomes more ompelling.

WHO'S AFRAID OF THE MULTIVERSE?

Jeffrey A. Zweerink, Ph.D.

REVEALING A TESTABLE MODEL for CREATION

MORE THAN A THEORY HUGH ROSS

